

At that time we will be in a position to inform the Cuban Government that we are able to dispense with the (Cuban) military presence.

The Angolan minister is here for the summit of the Organization of African Unity (OAU), which begins tomorrow.

Mr. Jorge, whose government supports the South-West Africa People's Organization guerrillas, in their fight to end South African administration of Namibia said that there were two possible paths to take in that territory.

He said these were the intensification of the armed struggle, since this is the only language South Africa understands, and the pursuit of Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim's efforts to get Pretoria to accept the U.N. peace plan. The plan calls for a cease-fire, a U.N. monitoring force, gradual withdrawal of South African troops and internationally supervised elections. If this plan is accepted, there is no need to pursue the armed struggle, the Angolan minister said.

He said that the Cuban presence in Angola is justified by repeated South African aggression, but noted that Cubans other than soldiers were in his country and that Cuban participation in the reconstruction of Angola was important.

The Angolan foreign minister also referred to the impunity enjoyed by the Pretoria regime, which benefits from the connivance of countries such as France, Britain, the United States and West Germany that have vast economic interests in South Africa. He said that Pretoria is seeking at any price to perpetuate its occupation of Namibia and to destabilize Angola, using hired agents.

The Angolan representative at the U.N., Elisio de Figueiredo, said during last week's debate on a censure motion against Pretoria that the most recent South African incursion into southern Angola was intended to install the antigovernment guerrillas of Jonas Savimbi, who are backed by South Africa.

Mr. Jorge said that resolutions condemning South African aggression such as the one passed by the Security Council last Friday help Angola diplomatically and politically but are not as helpful materially. He renewed the Angolan call for mandatory, all-encompassing sanctions against South Africa.

AFP: SOUTH AFRICAN TROOPS PUSH DEEPER INTO ANGOLA

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[Excerpt] Luanda, July 1 (AFP)--South African troops have pushed more deeply into Angola over the past few days and have invaded the province of Cuando Cubango, official sources said here Monday.

After occupying the province of Cunene on June 7, they had now advanced on the same scale into Cuando Cubango, also located along Angola's southern border with Namibia, Lucio Lara, a member of the ruling party's Central Committee, said. South African troops were also moving into other provinces, he said, but refused to name them for military reasons.

Fierce fighting raged over the weekend between Angolan and South African forces for control of the town of Mogua, some 70 km (40 miles) from the Namibian border in Cunene Province, resulting in 19 Angolan troops killed, the Angolan Defence Ministry said.